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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/650,108	08/26/2003	Pramod B. Mahajan	1264D	9415	
27310	7590 12/16/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER	
	I-BRED INTERNA	PAK, YONG D			
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JOHNSTON, IA 50131			1652		

DATE MAILED: 12/16/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Community	10/650,108	MAHAJAN, PRAMOD B.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Yong D Pak	1652				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from to	ely filed  s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication.				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 8/26/2003.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan	_					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>7</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6 and 8</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election	on requirement.					
Application Papers						
_						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
	inner. Note the attached Office F	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> </ul>						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (	PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	in this National Stage				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
•						
Attachment(s)	_					
) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.						
) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SR/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Pate	ent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 8/26/2003.	6) Other:	· · · · ·				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

This application is a divisional of 09/835,654, now issued as U.S. Patent No. 6,646,182.

Claims 1-8 are pending. Claim 7 is withdrawn. Claims 1-6 and 8 are under consideration.

#### Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-6 and 8, drawn to a exonuclease of SEQ ID NO:2, classified in class 435, subclass 196.
- Claim 7, drawn to a transgenic plant comprising the exonuclease of Invention I, classified in class 800, subclass 295.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

The polypeptide of group I and transgenic plant of group II are patentably distinct inventions for the following reasons. The product of Invention I is an enzyme and the product of Invention II is a living plant. The transgenic plant of group II is a product that is structurally and functionally distinct from the products of group I.

Furthermore, searching the inventions of groups I and II would impose a serious search burden. In the instant case, the search of the polypeptide and transgenic plant are not coextensive. The inventions of groups I and II have a separate status in the art as shown by their different classifications.

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Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for Group I is not required for Group II, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification and recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a petition under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

During a telephone conversation with Ms. Dress on November 15, 2004 a provisional election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of Group I, claims 1-6 and 8. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claim 7 is withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

## Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on August 26, 2003 is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statement is being considered by the examiner.

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### Specification

Examiner notes that applicants have not updated the relationship of the instant application to its parent application (09/835,654) that has matured into a US patent (U.S. Patent No. 6,646,182). Examiner urges applicants to amend said information by providing the US patent number in response to this Office action.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for a polypeptide with SEQ ID NO:2 having exonuclease activity, does not reasonably provide enablement for any polypeptide comprising 30 consecutive amino acids of the exonuclease of SEQ ID NO:2 or any polypeptide having 80-95% sequence identity to the exonuclease of SEQ ID NO:2. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

Factors to be considered in determining whether undue experimentation is required, are summarized in In re Wands (858 F.2d 731, 8 USPQ 2nd 1400 (Fed. Cir.

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1988)) as follows: (1) the quantity of experimentation necessary, (2) the amount of direction or guidance presented, (3) the presence or absence of working examples, (4) the nature of the invention, (5) the state of the prior art, (6) the relative skill of those in the art, (7) the predictability or unpredictability of the art, and (8) the breadth of the claim(s).

Claim 1 is drawn to any exonuclease comprising 30 consecutive amino acids of the exonuclease of SEQ ID NO:2. Claims 2-5 are drawn to any exonuclease having 80-95% sequence identity to the exonuclease of SEQ ID NO:2. The scope of the claims is not commensurate with the enablement provided by the disclosure with regard to the extremely large number of exonucleases broadly encompassed by the claims. Since the amino acid sequence of a protein determines its structural and functional properties, predictability of which changes can be tolerated in a protein's amino acid sequence and obtain the desired activity requires a knowledge of and guidance with regard to which amino acids in the protein's sequence, if any, are tolerant of modification and which are conserved (i.e. expectedly intolerant to modification), and detailed knowledge of the ways in which the proteins' structure relates to its function. However, in this case the disclosure is limited to the nucleotide and encoded amino acid sequence of only one exonuclease. It would require undue experimentation of the skilled artisan to make and use the claimed polypeptides. The specification is limited to teaching the use of SEQ ID NO: 2 as an exonuclease but provides no guidance with regard to the making of variants and mutants or with regard to other uses. In view of the great breadth of the claim, amount of experimentation required to make the claimed polypeptides, the lack of

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guidance, working examples, and unpredictability of the art in predicting function from a polypeptide primary structure, the claimed invention would require undue experimentation. As such, the specification fails to teach one of ordinary skill how to use the full scope of the polypeptides encompassed by this claim.

While enzyme isolation techniques, recombinant and mutagenesis techniques are known, and it is routine in the art to screen for multiple substitutions or multiple modifications as encompassed by the instant claims, the specific amino acid positions within a protein's sequence where amino acid modifications can be made with a reasonable expectation of success in obtaining the desired activity/utility are limited in any protein and the result of such modifications is unpredictable. In addition, one skilled in the art would expect any tolerance to modification for a given protein to diminish with each further and additional modification, e.g. multiple substitutions.

The specification does not support the broad scope of the claims which encompass all modifications and fragments of any exonuclease having at least 30 consecutive amino acids of the exonuclease of SEQ ID NO:2 or any exonuclease having at least 80-95% identity to the exonuclease of SEQ ID NO:2 because the specification does not establish: (A) regions of the protein structure which may be modified without affecting exonuclease activity; (B) the general tolerance of exonucleases to modification and extent of such tolerance; (C) a rational and predictable scheme for modifying any amino acid residue on the polypeptide with an expectation of obtaining the desired biological function; and (D) the specification

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provides insufficient guidance as to which of the essentially infinite possible choices is likely to be successful.

Thus, applicants have not provided sufficient guidance to enable one of ordinary skill in the art to make and use the claimed invention in a manner reasonably correlated with the scope of the claims broadly including exonuclease with an enormous number of amino acid modifications of the exonuclease of SEQ ID NO:2. The scope of the claims must bear a reasonable correlation with the scope of enablement (*In re Fisher*, 166 USPQ 19 24 (CCPA 1970)). Without sufficient guidance, determination of exonucleases having the desired biological characteristics is unpredictable and the experimentation left to those skilled in the art is unnecessarily, and improperly, extensive and undue. See *In re Wands* 858 F.2d 731, 8 USPQ2nd 1400 (Fed. Cir, 1988).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Hartung et al.

Claim 1 is drawn to a polypeptide comprising at lest 30 contiguous amino acids from the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:2, wherein the polypeptide has 3' to 5'exonuclease activity.

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Hartung et al./Kaneko et al. (form PTO-1449 – Reference A33 – Plant Physiology. 121:132, 1999 and ) teaches a polypeptide comprising 30 contiguous amino acids of SEQ ID NO:2 whose function has been identified as a 3' to 5' exonuclease (see enclosed sequence alignment). Since applicants have not indicated any specific fragment of SEQ ID NO:2 to be comprised in the isolated polypeptide having exonuclease activity claimed in claim1, the polypeptide disclosed by Kaneko et al/ and Hartung et al. anticipates the polypeptide claimed in claim 1.

Therefore, the teachings of Hartung et al./Kaneko et al. anticipate claim 1.

None of the claims are allowable.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Yong Pak whose telephone number is 571-272-0935. The examiner can normally be reached 6:30 A.M. to 5:00 P.M. Monday through Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ponnathapu Achutamurthy can be reached on 571-272-0928. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9306 for regular communications and 703-872-9307 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 571-272-1600.

Yong D. Pak Patent Examiner 1652

Rao Manjunath

Primary Examiner 1652